1 Solve the equation

$$
\frac{2 k-1}{4}=2
$$

(Show at least one intermediate step.)
To make things easier, I'll clear fractions by mutlitplying both sides by 4:

$$
2 k-1=8 .
$$

Then I add 1 to both sides:

$$
2 k=9 .
$$

Finally, I divide both sides by 2 :

$$
k=\frac{9}{2} .
$$

2 One of these equations is an identity, while the other is a contradiction. Identify which is which. (Show at least one complete step for each of these.)
a $\frac{4 x-9}{6}-\frac{x}{2}=\frac{x}{6}+3$
I multiply both sides by 6 to clear fractions:

$$
4 x-9-3 x=x+18
$$

Then I simplify each side:

$$
x-9=x+18
$$

Next, I subtract $x$ from both sides:

$$
-9=18
$$

At this point, the variable is gone, and the equation is simply false. Therefore, this equation is a contradiction.
b $6 q-(q-3)=2 q+3(q+1)$
First, I simplify each side:

$$
5 q+3=5 q+3 .
$$

Since the two sides are now the same, this equation is an identity.

